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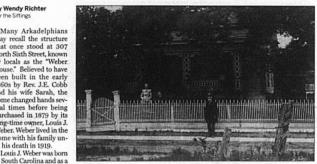
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Weber House relocated in 2005

By Wendy Richter For the Siftings

Many Arkadelphians may recall the structure that once stood at 307 North Sixth Street, known by locals as the "Weber House," Believed to have been built in the early 1860s by Rev. J.E. Cobb and his wife Sarah, the home changed hands several times before being purchased in 1879 by its long-time owner, Louis J. Weber. Weber lived in the home with his family until his death in 1919.

in South Carolina and as a voung man worked in Georgia, where he became a close friend of Joel Chandler Harris (known for his "Uncle Remus" stories): Weber served the Confederate Army and came to Arkadelphia in 1874. He and his brother George opened a store at the southeast corner of Johnston and Maddox (Main and Sixth) streets. Later, Louis Weber worked for his brothers-in-law, Bobe and Charlie Thomas, at the same location in what became known as the "Racket Store." Weber served as an elder in the Presbyterian church, and was also the Sunday School Superintendent for about 30 years. Civicminded as well, he became mayor, and was secretary of the local school board for many years.



The Weber House once stood at 307 N. 6th Street in Arkadelphia. This image of the home is believed to be of Mr. and Mrs. Weber as well as H.W. McMillan by the fence.

Built in a style reminiscent of New England saltboxes, the one-story Greek Revival style house had high ceilings and tall baseboards. With a lowpitched gable roof and rectangular transom above the front door, the home included a central fireplace framed by a handcarved mantel. Sill beams were hewn and dowelled. and the original interior walls were made of plaster put onto strips of lathing. Square nails were used throughout the structure. The building included five rooms and a small porch on back, as well as a fulllength front veranda. In later years, a kitchen and bathroom were added on

both sides of the small porch. The home stood high off the ground for good ventilation and protection from termites. This construction method also allowed for the addition of a kitchen and dining room in the cellar.

In 2005 the building was moved to the historic Washington community in Hempstead County, where it is preserved today. Prior to the move, Dr. Trey Berry, then Director of the Pete Parks Center for Regional Studies at Ouachita Baptist University, led an archeological study of the site. The home, officially called the "CobbWeber House," had been added to the National Register of Historic Places in 2002, but was removed from the Register in 2006 after its relocation to Hempstead County. Today, the site is a part of the OBU campus.

For additional information about Clark County history, visit or contact the Clark County Historical Museum at the train depot (www.clarkcountyhistory.org or 230-1360) or the Clark County Historical Association's Archives at the Ouachita Baptist University Library (www.obu.edu/archives.or 245-5332).