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Effects of Friction on BPA Leaching in Infant Toothbrushes

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- Bisphenol A (BPA) mimics estrogen causing it to act as an endocrine disrupter.
- This can lead to developmental issues, reproductive issues, and cancer, particularly for infants.
- BPA is used to make hard plastics, such as toothbrushes.
- There is no regulation on the amount of BPA that can be present in infant toothbrushes.

Materials

- Edinburgh Instruments FS5 Spectrofluorometer
- 1:1 Methanol:Water
- Volumetric Flasks
- Pasteur Pipets
- Brushing Apparatus with Orbital Shaker
- Various Infant Toothbrushes

Methods

- A brushing apparatus was developed.
- Toothbrushes were attached to the apparatus and inserted into a test tube.
- The test tube was originally filled with 90 mL of 1:1 Methanol/Water.
- At each time increment, a 5 mL sample was taken from each test tube.
- Fluorescence emission intensities were obtained in duplicate for each sample using the spectrofluorometer.
- The emission data were compared to samples that were obtained without using the brushing apparatus.













Effects of Friction on BPA Leaching in Infant Toothbrushes Jordan R. Gills and Sara E. Hubbard, PhD Ouachita Baptist University, Arkadelphia, AR, 71998



Excitation and emission spectra for calibration curve of BPA stock solution.



Table I. Comparison of the emission intensities of brushing and not brushing at 1 hour and 6 hours

1 hr with brushing (cps)	1hr not brushing (cps)	6hr with brushing (cps)	6hr not brushing (cps)
4.64E+03	2.46E+03	7.19E+03	4.33E+03
6.88E+03	3.98E+03	6.12E+03	3.36E+03
1.30E+04	3.66E+03	7.74E+03	6.00E+03
9.69E+03	2.88E+03	1.04E+04	3.75E+03
1.30E+04	3.30E+03	1.48E+04	5.76E+03
6.74E+03	2.95E+03	8.11E+03	6.24E+03
6.22E+03	3.15E+03	9.80E+03	4.88E+03
6.87E+03	4.25E+03	7.48E+03	4.02E+03
6.14E+03	2.46E+03	1.08E+04	4.24E+03
	1hr with brushing (cps) 4.64E+03 6.88E+03 1.30E+04 9.69E+03 1.30E+04 6.74E+03 6.87E+03 6.87E+03 6.14E+03	1 hr with brushing (cps)1 hr not brushing (cps)4.64E+032.46E+036.88E+033.98E+031.30E+043.66E+039.69E+032.88E+031.30E+043.30E+036.74E+032.95E+036.87E+034.25E+036.14E+032.46E+03	1hr with brushing (cps)1hr not brushing (cps)6hr with brushing (cps)4.64E+032.46E+037.19E+036.88E+033.98E+036.12E+031.30E+043.66E+037.74E+039.69E+032.88E+031.04E+041.30E+043.30E+031.48E+046.74E+032.95E+038.11E+036.87E+034.25E+037.48E+036.14E+032.46E+031.08E+04

Figure I.

Calibration curve of emission intensities compared to concentration of the BPA stock solution in each sample (initial concentration 0.102 mg/mL BPA) in1:1 M/W).



Figure 3.

Fluorescence emission intensities over time comparing Toothbrush H with brushing and without brushing.

Conclusions

Future Work

- the leaching of BPA.

References

Acknowledgements





• From the research that has been conducted thus far, it appears that friction increases the amount of BPA leached from the toothbrushes.

 Some infant toothbrushes that are not labeled as being BPA-free appear to contain BPA. More

work is needed to confirm these results.

• Work is being done to run more samples in an effort to replicate these results.

• Reduce the sample times to smaller time intervals that would better imitate brushing.

• Change the solution to one of the ingredients present in toothpaste to see if toothpaste affects

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• Dr. J.D. Patterson Summer Research Program Ouachita Baptist University

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